

**OC San  
State  
Bills of Interest**

BILL	AUTHOR	SUMMARY	LATEST ACTION	OC SAN POSITION	LEGISLATIVE PLAN	OTHER POSITIONS
Proposed Legislation 2024						
High Priority						
AB 347	Ting [D]	Current law prohibits juvenile products, textile articles, and food packaging that contain specified levels of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) from being distributed, sold, or offered for sale in the state, as provided. This bill would require the Department of Toxic Substances Control, on or before January 1, 2026, to adopt regulations for the enforcement of those prohibitions on the use of PFAS. The bill would require manufacturers of these products, on or before July 1, 2026, to register with the department, to pay a registration fee to the department, and to provide a statement of compliance certifying compliance with the applicable prohibitions on the use of PFAS to the department, as specified. The bill would authorize the department to test products and to rely on third-party testing to determine compliance with prohibitions on the use of PFAS, as specified. The bill would authorize or require, as specified, the department to issue a notice of violation for a product in violation of the prohibitions on the use of PFAS, as provided.	Currently in the Senate Appropriations Committee	Watch	<b>State Priorities:</b> Monitor state legislation as well as State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) regulatory activity related to PFAS.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - NYC CASA - NYC CSDA - NYC ACWA - NYC
AB 805	Arambula [D]	Authorizes the State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board) to require a sewer service provider—for a sewer system that has the reasonable potential to cause a violation of water quality objectives; impair present or future beneficial uses of water; or cause pollution, nuisance, or contamination of waters of the state—to contract with an administrator designated or approved by the State Water Board.	Currently on the Senate Appropriations Committee's Suspense File	Watch	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Special Districts -</b> Oppose further state regulations that adversely impact special district financing, operations, and administration.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Watch CASA - Work With Author CSDA - Oppose Unless Amended ACWA - Not Favor
AB 1567	E. Garcia [D]	Would enact the Safe Drinking Water, Wildfire Prevention, Drought Preparation, Flood Protection, Extreme Heat Mitigation, Clean Energy, and Workforce Development Bond Act of 2024, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$15,995,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for safe drinking water, wildfire prevention, drought preparation, flood protection, extreme heat mitigation, clean energy, and workforce development programs.	Referred to the Senate Natural Resources and Water Committee and the Senate Governance and Finance Committee.  <u><b>Not going to be the vehicle for the climate bond</b></u>	Watch	<b>Guiding Priorities:</b> Obtain financial assistance for OC San projects through grants, loans, and legislative directed funding.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Support if Amended CASA - Support if Amended CSDA - Support if Amended ACWA - Support if Amended

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<b>AB 1820</b>	<b>Schiavo [D]</b>	Current law requires a city or county to deem an applicant for a housing development project to have submitted a preliminary application upon providing specified information about the proposed project to the city or county from which approval for the project is being sought. Current law requires a housing development project be subject only to the ordinances, policies, and standards adopted and in effect when the preliminary application was submitted. This bill would authorize a development proponent that submits a preliminary application for a housing development project to request a preliminary fee and exaction estimate, as defined, and would require the local agency to provide the estimate within 30 business days of the submission of the preliminary application. For development fees imposed by an agency other than a city or county, the bill would require the development proponent to request the fee schedule from the agency that imposes the fee.	Currently on the Senate Floor	Watch	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Special Districts -</b> Oppose further state regulations that adversely impact special district financing, operations, and administration.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Oppose Unless Amended CASA - Neutral as Amended CSDA - Oppose ACWA - Watch
<b>AB 2257</b>	<b>Wilson [D]</b>	The California Constitution specifies various requirements with respect to the levying of assessments and property-related fees and charges by a local agency, including notice, hearing, and protest procedures, depending on the character of the assessment, fee, or charge. Current law, known as the Proposition 218 Omnibus Implementation Act, prescribes specific procedures and parameters for local jurisdictions to comply with these requirements. This bill would prohibit, if a local agency complies with specified procedures, a person or entity from bringing a judicial action or proceeding alleging noncompliance with the constitutional provisions for any new, increased, or extended fee or assessment, as defined, unless that person or entity has timely submitted to the local agency a written objection to that fee or assessment that specifies the grounds for alleging noncompliance, as specified. This bill would provide that local agency responses to the timely submitted written objections shall go to the weight of the evidence supporting the agency's compliance with the substantive limitations on fees and assessments imposed by the constitutional provisions.	Currently on the Senate Floor	Watch	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Special Districts -</b> Oppose further state regulations that adversely impact special district financing, operations, and administration.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Neutral CASA - Support CSDA - Support ACWA - Sponsor

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<b>AB 2515</b>	<b>Papan [D]</b>	This bill would similarly prohibit any person from manufacturing, distributing, selling, or offering for sale in the state any menstrual products that contain regulated PFAS, as defined. The bill would authorize the Department of Toxic Substances Control to adopt guidance or regulations, as specified, for the purposes of implementing and enforcing these provisions. The bill would require the department to issue guidance related to testing for regulated PFAS in menstrual products and would exempt that guidance from the Administrative Procedure Act. The bill would authorize the department to issue a cease and desist order to a manufacturer of a menstrual product under specified circumstances. The bill would make a violation of these provisions punishable by civil penalties, as specified, and would authorize the Attorney General by request of the department, a city attorney, a county counsel, or a city prosecutor to bring an action to enforce these provisions. The bill would create, and would require all moneys collected from penalties to be deposited in, the T.A.M.P.O.N. Act Fund.	Currently in the Senate Appropriations Committee	Support	<b>State Priorities:</b> Monitor state legislation as well as State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) regulatory activity related to PFAS.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Watch CASA - Support CSDA - Watch ACWA - NYC
<b>AB 2533</b>	<b>Carrillo [D]</b>	This bill would prohibit a local agency from denying a permit for an unpermitted accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit that was constructed before January 1, 2020, for certain violations, unless the local agency makes a finding that correcting the violation is necessary to comply with conditions that would otherwise deem a building substandard. The bill would require a local agency to inform the public about the provisions prohibiting denial of a permit for an unpermitted accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit. The bill would require this information to include a checklist of the conditions that deem a building substandard and to inform homeowners that, before submitting a permit application, the homeowner may obtain a confidential third-party code inspection from a licensed contractor. The bill would prohibit a local agency from requiring a homeowner to pay impact fees or connection or capacity charges except under specified circumstances.	Currently on the Senate Floor	Watch	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Special Districts -</b> Oppose further state regulations that adversely impact special district financing, operations, and administration.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Watch CASA - Watch CSDA - Oppose Unless Amended ACWA - NYC

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AB 2557	Ortega [D]	Existing law relating to the government of counties authorizes a county board of supervisors to contract for certain types of special services on behalf of the county, any county officer or department, or any district or court in the county. Existing law requires those special services contracts to be with persons who are specially trained, experienced, expert, and competent to perform those services. This bill would require each person who enters into a specified contract for special services with the board of supervisors to submit semiannual performance reports, as prescribed, every 180 days, to the board of supervisors and the exclusive representative of the employee organization. The bill would require the board or its representative to monitor semiannual performance reports to evaluate the quality of services. The bill would require contract terms exceeding 2 years to undergo a performance audit, as prescribed, by an independent auditor approved by the board to determine whether the performance standards are being met.	Currently in the Senate Appropriations Committee	Watch	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Labor Relations/Human Resources:</b> Oppose efforts reducing local control over public employee disputes and imposing regulations on an outside agency.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Oppose CASA - Oppose CSDA - Oppose ACWA - Not Favor
AB 2626	Dixon [R]	This bill would extend the compliance dates for local government set forth in the Advanced Clean Fleets Regulation by 10 years. The bill would prohibit the state board from taking enforcement action against a local government for violating the Advanced Clean Fleets Regulation if the alleged violation occurs before January 1, 2025.	Dead	Watch	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Special Districts -</b> Oppose further state regulations that adversely impact special district financing, operations, and administration.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - NYC CASA - NYC CSDA - Support ACWA - NYC
AB 2761	Hart [D]	This bill would enact the Reducing Toxics in Packaging Act, which would prohibit, beginning January 1, 2026, a person from manufacturing, selling, offering for sale, or distributing in the state plastic packaging that contains certain chemicals, as specified. The bill would exclude from that prohibition packaging used for certain medical, drug, and federally regulated products. The bill would authorize the imposition of a civil penalty for a violation of that prohibition, as specified.	Dead	Watch	<b>State Priorities:</b> Support legislation or regulations that restrict the use of microplastics and chemicals of emerging concern in any product that is disposed of through the sewer system.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Watch CASA - Watch CSDA - Watch ACWA - NYC
AB 2894	Gallagher [D]	Spot Bill related to Indoor Residential Water Use	Dead	Watch	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Special Districts -</b> Oppose further state regulations that adversely impact special district financing, operations, and administration.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - NYC CASA - NYC CSDA - Watch ACWA - NYC

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<b>AB 3073</b>	<b>Haney [D]</b>	Would require the State Department of Public Health, in consultation with participating wastewater treatment facilities, local public health agencies, and other subject matter experts, to create a pilot program to test for high-risk substances and related treatment medications in wastewater. Under the bill, the goal of the program would be to determine how wastewater data can be used by state and local public health programs to address substance abuse in California. The bill would require the department to develop a list of target substances to be analyzed during the program that may include cocaine, fentanyl, methamphetamine, xylazine, methadone, buprenorphine, and naloxone. The bill would require the department, on or before July 1, 2025, to solicit voluntary participation from local public health agencies and wastewater treatment facilities, as specified. The bill would require the department to work with the participating agencies and facilities to collect samples and to arrange for those samples to be tested by qualified laboratories. The bill would require the department, in consultation with public health agencies and subject matter experts, to analyze test results to determine possible public health interventions.	Dead	Watch	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Special Districts</b> - Oppose further state regulations that adversely impact special district financing, operations, and administration.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - NYC CASA - Support, if amended CSDA - Oppose Unless Amended ACWA - Watch
<b>ACA 2</b>	<b>Alanis [R]</b>	Would establish the Water and Wildfire Resiliency Fund within the State Treasury and would require the Treasurer to annually transfer an amount equal to 3 percent of all state revenues that may be appropriated as described from the General Fund to the Water and Wildfire Resiliency Fund. The measure would require the moneys in the fund to be appropriated by the Legislature and would require that 50 percent of the moneys in the fund be used for water projects, as specified, and that the other 50 percent of the moneys in the fund be used for forest maintenance and health projects, as specified.	Referred to the Assembly Water, Parks, and Wildlife Committee and the Assembly Natural Resources Committee	Watch	<b>Guiding Priorities:</b> Obtain financial assistance for OC San projects through grants, loans, and legislative directed funding.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - NYC CASA - NYC CSDA - Watch ACWA - NYC
<b>SB 867</b>	<b>Allen [D]</b>	Would enact the Drought, Flood, and Water Resilience, Wildfire and Forest Resilience, Coastal Resilience, Extreme Heat Mitigation, Biodiversity and Nature-Based Climate Solutions, Climate Smart Agriculture, Park Creation and Outdoor Access, and Clean Energy Bond Act of 2024, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$15,500,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for drought, flood, and water resilience, wildfire and forest resilience, coastal resilience, extreme heat mitigation, biodiversity and nature-based climate solutions, climate smart agriculture, park creation and outdoor access, and clean energy programs.	Passed. On the November 2024 Ballot	Watch	<b>Guiding Priorities:</b> Obtain financial assistance for OC San projects through grants, loans, and legislative directed funding.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Support if Amended CASA - Support if Amended CSDA - Support if Amended ACWA - Support if Amended

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<b>SB 903</b>	<b>Skinner [D]</b>	This bill would, beginning January 1, 2030, prohibit a person from distributing, selling, or offering for sale a product that contains intentionally added PFAS, as defined, unless the Department of Toxic Substances Control has made a determination that the use of PFAS in the product is a currently unavoidable use, the prohibition is preempted by federal law, or the product is used. The bill would specify the criteria and procedures for determining whether the use of PFAS in a product is a currently unavoidable use, for renewing that determination, and for revoking that determination. The bill would require the department to maintain on its internet website a list of each determination of currently unavoidable use, when each determination expires, and the products and uses that are exempt from the prohibition. The bill would impose a civil penalty for a violation of the prohibition, as specified.	Dead	Support	<b>State Priorities:</b> Monitor state legislation as well as State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) regulatory activity related to PFAS.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Support CASA - Sponsor CSDA - Watch ACWA - Favor
<b>SB 937</b>	<b>Wiener [D]</b>	The Permit Streamlining Act, among other things, requires a public agency that is the lead agency for a development project to approve or disapprove that project within specified time periods. Current law extended by 18 months the period for the expiration, effectuation, or utilization of a housing entitlement, as defined, that was issued before, and was in effect on, March 4, 2020, and that would expire before December 31, 2021, except as specified. Current law provides that if the state or a local agency extended the otherwise applicable time for the expiration, effectuation, or utilization of a housing entitlement for not less than 18 months, as specified, that housing entitlement would not be extended an additional 18 months pursuant to these provisions. This bill would extend by 24 months the period for the expiration, effectuation, or utilization of a housing entitlement, entitlement for a priority residential development project, as those terms are defined, that was issued before January 1, 2024, and that will expire before December 31, 2025, except as specified. The bill would toll this 24-month extension during any time that the housing entitlement is the subject of a legal challenge. By adding to the duties of local officials with respect to housing entitlements, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would include findings that changes proposed by this bill address a matter of statewide concern rather than a municipal affair and, therefore, apply to all cities, including charter cities.	Currently in the Assembly Appropriations Committee	Watch	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Special Districts -</b> Oppose further state regulations that adversely impact special district financing, operations, and administration.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Oppose Unless Amended CASA - Oppose Unless Amended CSDA - Oppose Unless Amended ACWA - Watch

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<b>SB 972</b>	<b>Min [D]</b>	Current law requires the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, in consultation with the State Air Resources Board, to adopt regulations, as provided, that achieve the targets for reducing organic waste in landfills. This bill would require the department to provide procedures for local jurisdictions to request technical assistance regarding organic waste and methane reduction requirements from the department, to post those procedures on its internet website, and to provide that technical assistance, as specified. The bill would require the department to report to the Legislature, on or before January 1, 2028, on, among other things relating to organic waste and methane reduction, the status of the technical assistance provided to local jurisdictions and, on or before January 1, 2031, on the state's ability to meet the targets for reducing the disposal of organic waste in landfills and any recommendations to modify the program to achieve those goals.	Currently in the Assembly Appropriations Committee	Watch	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Special Districts</b> - Oppose further state regulations that adversely impact special district financing, operations, and administration.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Sponsor CASA - Support CSDA - Watch ACWA - NYC
<b>SB 1034</b>	<b>Seyarto [R]</b>	This bill would revise the unusual circumstances under which the time limit may be extended to include the need to search for, collect, appropriately examine, and copy records during a state of emergency proclaimed by the Governor when the state of emergency has affected the agency's ability to timely respond to requests due to decreased staffing or closure of the agency's facilities.	Signed into law	Support	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Special Districts</b> - Oppose further state regulations that adversely impact special district financing, operations, and administration.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Support CASA - Watch CSDA - Support ACWA - Favor
<b>SB 1072</b>	<b>Padilla [D]</b>	The California Constitution sets forth various requirements for the imposition of local taxes. The California Constitution excludes from classification as a tax assessments and property-related fees imposed in accordance with provisions of the California Constitution that establish requirements for those assessments and property-related fees. Under these requirements, an assessment is prohibited from being imposed on any parcel if it exceeds the reasonable cost of the proportional special benefit conferred on that parcel, and a fee or charge imposed on any parcel or person as an incident of property ownership is prohibited from exceeding the proportional cost of the service attributable to the parcel. Current law, known as the Proposition 218 Omnibus Implementation Act, prescribes specific procedures and parameters for local compliance with the requirements of the California Constitution for assessments and property-related fees. This bill would require a local agency, if a court determines that a fee or charge for a property-related service, as specified, violates the above-described provisions of the California Constitution relating to fees and charges, to credit the amount of the fee or charge attributable to the violation against the amount of the revenues required to provide the property-related service, unless a refund is explicitly provided for by statute.	Currently on the Assembly Floor	Support	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Special Districts</b> - Oppose further state regulations that adversely impact special district financing, operations, and administration.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Watch CASA - Support CSDA - Support ACWA - Favor



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<b>SB 1147</b>	<b>Portantino [D]</b>	The Sherman Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Law regulates, among other things, the manufacture, production, processing, and packing of any food, drug, device, or cosmetic, and is administered by the State Department of Public Health. The law prescribes various quality and labeling standards for bottled water and vended water, and limits the levels of certain contaminants that may be contained in those water products. Current law makes a violation of the law or regulation adopted pursuant to the law a crime. Current law requires, as a condition of licensure, a water-bottling plant, as defined, to annually prepare a water-bottling plant report, as specified, and to make the report available to each customer, upon request. This bill would require, upon adoption by the State Water Resources Control Board of a primary drinking water standard for microplastics, any water-bottling plant that produces bottled water that is sold in this state to provide the State Department of Public Health's Food and Drug Branch an annual report on the levels of microplastics found in the source water used for bottling and in the final bottled water product that is offered for sale, as provided. The bill would require this report to be included with the annual water-bottling plant report and, upon request, be made available to each consumer.	Currently in the Assembly Appropriations Committee	Watch	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Source Control</b> - Support legislation and/or regulations that restrict the use of microplastics and chemicals of emerging concern in any product that is disposed of through the sanitary sewer system.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - NYC CASA - Oppose Unless Amended CSDA - Oppose Unless Amended ACWA - Watch
<b>SB 1210</b>	<b>Skinner [D]</b>	Current law vests the Public Utilities Commission with regulatory authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations, gas corporations, sewer system corporations, and water corporations, while local publicly owned utilities, including municipal utility districts, public utility districts, and irrigation districts, are under the direction of their governing boards. This bill would, for new housing construction, require the above-described utilities, on or before January 1, 2026, to publicly post on their internet websites (1) the schedule of estimated fees for typical service connections for each housing development type, including, but not limited to, accessory dwelling unit, mixed-use, multifamily, and single-family developments, except as specified, and (2) the estimated timeframes for completing typical service connections needed for each housing development type, as specified. The bill would exempt from its provisions a utility with fewer than 4,000 service connections that does not establish or maintain an internet website due to a hardship and would authorize the utility to establish that a hardship exists by annually adopting a resolution that includes detailed findings, as provided.	Currently in the Assembly Appropriations Committee	Oppose	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Special Districts</b> - Oppose further state regulations that adversely impact special district financing, operations, and administration.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Watch CASA - Neutral, as Amended CSDA - Watch ACWA - Watch



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<b>SB 1266</b>	<b>Limon [D]</b>	Current law, part of the hazardous waste control law, requires the Department of Toxic Substances Control to adopt regulations to establish a process by which chemicals or chemical ingredients in products may be identified and prioritized for consideration as being chemicals of concern and to adopt regulations to establish a process by which chemicals of concern may be evaluated. Current law prohibits the manufacture, sale, or distribution in commerce of any bottle or cup that contains bisphenol A, as specified, if the bottle or cup is designed or intended to be filled with any liquid, food, or beverage intended primarily for consumption by children 3 years of age or younger. The prohibition above does not apply to a product subject to a regulatory response by the department as of the date that the department posts a prescribed notice regarding the department's adoption of the regulatory response. Existing law additionally requires manufacturers to use the least toxic alternative when replacing bisphenol A in containers and prohibits manufacturers from replacing bisphenol A with chemicals known to cause cancer or reproductive harm, as specified. This bill would, on and after January 1, 2026, instead apply the above prohibitions and requirements to any juvenile's feeding product or juvenile's sucking or teething product, as defined, that contains any form of bisphenol, as defined, at a detectable level above 0.1 parts per billion. The bill would authorize the department to establish standards for the juvenile's products above that are more protective of public health, sensitive populations, or the environment than the standards established by the bill.	Currently in the Assembly Appropriations Committee	Watch	<b>State Priorities:</b> Monitor state legislation as well as State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) regulatory activity related to PFAS.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Watch CASA - Watch CSDA - NYC ACWA - NYC
<b>SB 1393</b>	<b>Niello [R]</b>	This bill would require the state board to establish the Advanced Clean Fleets Regulation Appeals Advisory Committee by an unspecified date for purposes of reviewing appeals of denied requests for exemptions from the requirements of the Advanced Clean Fleets Regulation. The bill would require the committee to include representatives of specified state agencies, other state and local government representatives, and representatives of private fleet owners, the electric vehicle manufacturing industry, and electrical corporations, as provided. The bill would require the committee to meet monthly and would require recordings of its meetings to be made publicly available on the state board's internet website. The bill would require the committee to consider, and make a recommendation on, an appeal of an exemption request denial no later than 60 days after the appeal is made.	Dead	Watch	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Special Districts -</b> Oppose further state regulations that adversely impact special district financing, operations, and administration.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Support CASA - Watch CSDA - Support ACWA - Favor

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<b>SB 1420</b>	<b>Caballero [D]</b>	(1)The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires preparation of specified documentation before a public agency approves or carries out certain projects. Existing law authorizes the Governor to certify energy infrastructure projects meeting specified requirements for streamlining benefits related to CEQA. Existing law defines “energy infrastructure project” for these purposes to include eligible renewable energy resources under the California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program, excluding resources that use biomass fuels. Existing law expressly excludes from that definition of “energy infrastructure project” any project using hydrogen as a fuel. This bill would instead exclude from the definition of “energy infrastructure project” for purposes of the CEQA streamlining benefits eligible renewable energy resources under the California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program that combust, rather than use, biomass fuels. The bill would include hydrogen production facilities and associated onsite storage and processing facilities that meet specified conditions, including that the facilities have received funding from the state or federal government on or before January 1, 2032, and do not use fossil fuel as a feedstock or energy source, within the definition of “energy infrastructure project.” Because the bill would authorize the Governor to certify additional projects, thereby increasing the duties on lead agencies in conducting the environmental review of energy infrastructure projects certified by the Governor, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	Currently in the Assembly Appropriations Committee.	Watch	<b>Legislative and Regulatory Policies: Public Works:</b> Support a comprehensive response to the state's electricity and natural gas shortages that provide a stable energy supply, respects the ability of municipalities to provide power, recognizes that infrastructure exists that could be employed temporarily during periods with minimal air quality impact and protects ratepayers against dramatic rate increases and statewide power outages.	ACC-OC - NYC LOCC - Oppose Unless Amended CASA - Support CSDA - NYC ACWA - NYC

**Legend:**

ACC-OC - Association of California Cities, Orange County

LOCC - League of California Cities

NYC - Not Yet Considered

CASA - California Association of Sanitation Agencies

ACWA - Association of California Water Agencies

CSDA - California Special Districts Association